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CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING
FOR ANIMAL TREATMENT ONLY



Jet Away

Blowfly and lice jetting fluid for sheep

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 16 g/L IVERMECTIN

For the treatment of, and protection against, blowfly strike on sheep for up to 12 weeks under low to moderate fly pressure and treatment of biting lice by jetting in long wooled sheep.

DILUTE BEFORE USE

IMPORTANT: READ THIS ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING OR USING





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This product is a concentrate for use in sheep of all ages. Product is NOT to be used undiluted. The 16.0 g/L ivermectin concentrate is diluted 1:500 and applied by jetting for the treatment of, and protection against, sheep blowfly strike and by hand jetting for long-wool lice treatment.

INDICATIONS

JETTING FOR BLOWFLY STRIKE: When applied as directed by handjetting or by modified Harrington jetting race JET AWAY BLOWFLY AND LICE JETTING FLUID FOR SHEEP protects sheep against strike by blowflies (*Lucilia cuprina*, *L. sericata*, *Chrysomya rufifacies* and *Calliphora nociva*) (including OP resistant strains of *Lucilia cuprina*) for 12 weeks under low to moderate fly pressure and will control maggots in existing strikes in the treated areas.

HAND DRESSING OF STRUCK SHEEP: JET AWAY can be applied at the blowfly dilution rate for treatment of blowfly strike wounds. Sheep should be sheared/clipped around the strike wound before saturating the area.

HAND JETTING FOR LICE: When applied as directed by hand-jetting JET AWAY also treats biting lice (*Bovicola ovis*), including synthetic pyrethroid resistant strains in long woolled sheep until the next shearing. **DIRECTIONS FOR USE:**

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Restraints:

DO NOT USE in lactating sheep or within 28 days of lambing where milk or milk products may be used for human consumption.

DO NOT USE in plunge or shower dips.

DO NOT collect and re-use fluid which runs off. DO NOT USE jetting races that recycle fluid.

(Blowfly strike) When used on sheep with less than 6 weeks wool a reduced period of protection may result. (Sheep lice) After shearing, sheep should be re-treated with an effective off-shears or short-wool product.

Note:

It is recommended that clean water (dam/tank) be used for dilution. Use of treated municipal supply town water is not recommended if the diluted product is going to be stored.

JETTING

JET AWAY requires dilution with water prior to use as a jetting fluid. See the use table for instructions.

Mixing Instructions

Ensure equipment is thoroughly cleaned prior to use. JET AWAY should be mixed with water in a container of known volume. Testing has confirmed that JET AWAY mixes with waters of various hardness. Use either a jetting handpiece with multiple nozzles that can be combed through the fleece or a "Dutjet" jetting wand. The jetting handpiece should deliver a penetrating jet of fluid without producing a spray or mist. A modified Harrington jetting race can also be used. It should be noted the effectiveness of various races differ and testing has not been performed on all types of races available.

ANIMAL/PEST	TREATMENT	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Sheep/Blowflies	Jetting:	200 mL/100 L	Use at least 2.5 L diluted jetting fluid per
(Lucilia cuprina,	Prevention of blowfly	Dilute 200 mL	head. Jet immediately prior to expected
L. sericata,	strike	of concentrate in	blowfly waves. Wool must be thoroughly
Chrysomya rufifacies,		100 L of water.	saturated to skin level along the backline
Calliphora nociva)			and breech. The pizzle area of wethers
			and the poll, (particularly in horned
			sheep) must also be treated.
	Jetting:		Use at least 2.5 L diluted jetting fluid per
	Treating existing		head. JET AWAY will control maggots in
	flystrike		existing strikes in treated areas.
	Hand Dressing:		Saturate struck area thoroughly. Wool
	Treating existing strikes		must be saturated to skin level.
Sheep/Lice	Hand jetting:	200 mL/100 L	Use 0.5 L of diluted jetting fluid per
(Bovicola ovis)	Treatment of lice in	Dilute 200 mL	month of wool growth.
	long wool.	of concentrate in	To control biting lice in long woolled
		100 L of water.	sheep, the fleece and skin must be
			thoroughly wet to skin level from poll to
			tail in a backband about 25 cm wide.
			Wool and skin on the sides of the neck in
			front of the shoulders should also be wet
			to skin level. Reduced effectiveness is
			likely if used on sheep with lumpy wool.
			Jetting races are not suitable for the
			treatment of lice infestations.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

MEAT: DO NOT USE less than 7 days before slaughter for human consumption.

MILK: DO NOT USE in lactating sheep or within 28 days of lambing where milk or milk products

may be used for human consumption.

WOOL HARVESTING INTERVAL: DO NOT USE less than 6 weeks before shearing or fibre collection.

TRADE ADVICE

EXPORT SLAUGHTER INTERVAL (ESI): DO NOT SLAUGHTER for export for 7 days after treatment. Use of this product may result in wool residues that may not comply with European Union environmental quality standards.

Wool treated with this product may contain detectable residues; adequate treatment records should be kept and made available, if requested by wool buyers.

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

USE DILUTED JETTING FLUID WITHIN 28 DAYS OF DILUTION

Use a jetting pump preferably fitted with a pressure gauge and capable of maintaining at least 550 kPa (80 psi) during jetting. Run the pump to ensure thorough mixing of the jetting wash before use. Pressures of about 630 kPa (90 psi) should be used for sheep with long wool. For lambs, the pressure should be reduced to 280-350 kPa (40-50 psi).

NOTE: Check the sheep to ensure wetting to skin level after jetting. Efficacy may be reduced if sheep are not treated as directed.

When used as directed by jetting, JET AWAY has a wide safety margin in sheep and may be used in breeding animals. When applied as directed JET AWAY will not damage fleece or skin.

Season, weather conditions, sheep type, wool length and condition, soiling with faeces and urine and any concurrent skin or fleece diseases such as fleece rot, mycotic dermatitis and other infections or wounds will influence the susceptibility of sheep to flystrike. Thorough wetting of those sites most attractive to flies is the most effective way to prevent blowfly strike. Hand jetting is recommended to ensure adequate wetting. Jetting races have varying ability to saturate the fleece so the duration of protection may be shorter than with hand jetting. Jetting races or other jetting equipment which recycles the jetting fluid should not be used to apply JET AWAY.

When applied as directed by hand jetting, exposure to moderate rainfall does not have any adverse effect on the efficacy of JET AWAY.

If the sheep need to be handled for other management procedures, it is recommended that use of JET AWAY is the final activity carried out.

NOTE: Storage at low temperatures (<4° C) may result in formation of small crystals in JET AWAY which will redissolve on dilution and will not affect the efficacy or safety of the product.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Poisonous if swallowed. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Sensitive workers should use protective clothing. When preparing product for use, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and elbow length gloves. Wash hands after use.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 11 26.

SDS

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) which is available from the supplier or www.apparentag.com.au.

Sheep Re-Handling Interval: After treatment wait until sheep are dry before rehandling.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND THE ENVIRONMENT

Ivermectin is extremely toxic to aquatic species. Do not contaminate dams, rivers, streams or other waterways with the chemical or used container.

DISPOSAL

Triple rinse containers before disposal. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulation. Do not burn empty containers or product.

STORAGE

Store below 30° C (Room Temperature) in the closed, original container. Store bottle in carton to protect from light.

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