Section 1 - Identification of The Material and Supplier

| Chemical nature:Temephos is an organophosphorus compound. It is present here in liquid hydrocarbon solution.Trade Name:Temedip Sheep DipAPVMA Code:70244Product Use:For the control of Temephos susceptible Body Lice (<i>Bovicola ovis</i>) (including synthetic pyrethroid resistant strains) on wet or dry short wool sheep by Plunge or Shower Dipping.Creation Date:January, 2017This version issued:March, 2022 and is valid for 5 years from this date. | The Hunter River Com 74-76 Drummond Roa Shepparton VIC 3630 | d | Phone: 03 5820 8400 (office hours) |
|---|---|--|--|
| APVMA Code:70244Product Use:For the control of Temephos susceptible Body Lice (Bovicola ovis) (including synthetic pyrethroid resistant strains) on wet or dry short wool sheep by Plunge or Shower Dipping.Creation Date:January, 2017This version issued:March, 2022 and is valid for 5 years from this date. | Chemical nature: | | compound. It is present here in liquid |
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| Synthetic pyrethroid resistant strains) on wet or dry short wool sheep by Plunge or Shower Dipping.Creation Date:January, 2017This version issued:March, 2022 and is valid for 5 years from this date. | APVMA Code: | 70244 | |
| This version issued:March, 2022 and is valid for 5 years from this date. | Product Use: | synthetic pyrethroid resistant strains | |
| | Creation Date: | January, 2017 | |
| | This version issued: | March, 2022 and is valid for 5 yea | rs from this date. |
| Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia | Poisons Information Ce | ntre: Phone 13 11 26 from anywhe | ere in Australia |

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Statement of Hazardous Nature

This product is classified as: Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.

Not a Dangerous Good according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

SUSMP Classification: S6

ADG Classification: None allocated. Not a Dangerous Good according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

UN Number: None allocated







GHS Signal word: DANGER

Acute Toxicity Oral Category 4 Skin Irritation Category 2 Serious eye irritation Category 1 Specific Target Organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 2 Hazardous to aquatic environment Short term/Acute Category 3

HAZARD STATEMENT:

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

- H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H402: Harmful to aquatic life.

PREVENTION

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

P260: Do not breathe fumes, mists, vapours or spray.

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

RESPONSE

P314: Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.

P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.

P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice.

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P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

P370+P378: In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog. Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires.

STORAGE

P410: Protect from sunlight.

P402+P404: Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

DISPOSAL

P501: Dispose of contents and containers as specified on the registered label.

Emergency Overview

Physical Description & Colour: Light yellow liquid.

Odour: Characteristic odour.

Major Health Hazards: toxic if swallowed, danger of cumulative effects, may cause serious damage to eyes, irritating to eyes and skin, harmful if swallowed. Signs and symptoms associated with mild exposures to organophosphate and carbamate pesticides include: headache, fatigue, dizziness, loss of appetite with nausea, stomach cramps and diarrhoea; blurred vision associated with excessive tearing; contracted pupils of the eye; excessive sweating and salivation; slowed heartbeat, often fewer than 50 per minute; rippling of surface muscles just under the skin. These symptoms may be mistaken for those of flu, heat stroke or heat exhaustion, or upset stomach. Moderately severe organophosphate and carbamate insecticide poisoning cases exhibit all the signs and symptoms found in mild poisonings, but in addition, the victim: is unable to walk; often complains of chest discomfort and tightness; exhibits marked constriction of the pupils (pinpoint pupils); exhibits muscle twitching; has involuntary urination and bowel movement. Severe poisonings are indicated by incontinence, unconsciousness and seizures.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

| | | | | J | |
|-------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Ingredients | | CAS No | Conc,% | TWA (mg/m ³) | STEL (mg/m ³) |
| Temephos | | 3383-96-8 | 350g/L | 10 | not set |
| Liquid hydrocarbon | | secret | 492g/L | not set | not set |
| Other non hazardous ing | redients | secret | to 100 | not set | not set |

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

General Information:

You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

If swallowed, splashed on skin or inhaled, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once. Remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly. Hospital treatment may be necessary.

Inhalation: First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. Skin Contact: Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water (use non-abrasive soap if necessary) for 10-20 minutes or until product is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands and belts) and completely decontaminate them before reuse or discard. If irritation persists, repeat flushing and seek medical attention.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes or until the product is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Wash mouth with water and contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call a doctor.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Fire and Explosion Hazards: The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is little risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream on hot liquids.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued by: The Hunter River Company Pty Ltd

Phone: 03 5820 8400 (office hours) Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia, (0800 764 766 in New Zealand)

Product Name: Temedip Sheep Dip Page: 3 of 6 This version issued: March, 2022

Vapours from this product are heavier than air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures. They may also flash back considerable distances.

Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures. **Extinguishing Media:** In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog. Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires. Try to contain spills, minimise spillage entering drains or water courses. **Fire Fighting:** If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. There is little danger of a violent reaction or explosion if significant quantities of this product are involved in a fire. Recommended personal protective equipment is liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. **Flammability Class:** Not flammable (GHS); C1 combustible (AS 1940)

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Accidental release: In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Immediately call the Fire Brigade. Wear full protective clothing including eye/face protection. All skin areas should be covered. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber, PVC. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8). Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Because of the toxicity of this product, special personal care should be taken in any cleanup operation. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. Refer to product label for specific instructions. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Full details regarding disposal of used containers, spillage and unused material may be found on the label. If there is any conflict between this SDS and the label, instructions on the label prevail. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

Storage: Protect this product from light. Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under "Incompatibilities" in Section 10. Some liquid preparations settle or separate on standing and may require stirring before use. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501 set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

| SWA Exposure Limits | TWA (mg/m³) | STEL (mg/m ³) |
|---------------------|-------------|---------------------------|
| Temephos | 10 | not set |

The ADI for Temephos is set at 0.1mg/kg/day. The corresponding NOEL is set at 1mg/kg/day. ADI means Acceptable Daily Intake; NOEL means No-observable-effect-level. Data from Australian ADI List, June 2014.

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems. **Ventilation:** This product should only be used in a well ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a fan is suggested.

Eye Protection: Protective glasses or goggles should be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may cause them harm. Emergency eye wash facilities are also recommended in an area close to where this product is being used.

Skin Protection: Prevent skin contact by wearing impervious gloves, clothes and, preferably, apron. Make sure that all skin areas are covered. See below for suitable material types.

Protective Material Types: We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: rubber, PVC.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued by: The Hunter River Company Pty Ltd Phone: 03 5820 8400 (office hours)

Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia, (0800 764 766 in New Zealand)

Product Name: Temedip Sheep Dip Page: 4 of 6 This version issued: March, 2022

Respirator: Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:

| Physical Description & colour: Odour: Boiling Point: Flash point: Upper Flammability Limit: Lower Flammability Limit: Autoignition temperature: Freezing/Melting Point: Volatiles: Vapour Pressure: Vapour Pressure: Vapour Density: Specific Gravity: Water Solubility: pH: Volatility: Odour Threshold: Evaporation Rate: Coeff Oil/water Distribution: | Light yellow liquid. Characteristic odour. Not available. About 96°C No data. No data. |
|---|---|
| Particle Characteristics: | Not applicable for liquids. |

Section 10 – Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

Conditions to Avoid: Protect this product from light. Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight.

Incompatibilities: strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidising agents.

Fire Decomposition: Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. May form oxides of sulfur (sulfur dioxide is a respiratory hazard) and other sulfur compounds. Most will have a foul odour. May form oxides of phosphorus and other phosphorus compounds. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

Polymerisation: This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Local Effects: Target Organs:

There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient

Health Hazard Statement Codes

No ingredient mentioned in the HCIS Database is present in this product at hazardous concentrations.

Typical of other organophosphate insecticides, Temephos inhibits the action of the group of enzymes called cholinesterases. These enzymes are most important in the nervous system, the brain, and the musculoskeletal systems in controlling nerve signal transmission. Symptoms of acute exposure are similar to other organophosphates and may include nausea, salivation, headache, loss of muscle coordination, and difficulty breathing.

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation:

Short Term Exposure: Symptoms are described fully above.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

Skin Contact:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued by: The Hunter River Company Pty Ltd

Phone: 03 5820 8400 (office hours)

Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia, (0800 764 766 in New Zealand)

Short Term Exposure: Symptoms are described fully above.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

Eye Contact:

Short Term Exposure: This product is an eye irritant. Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering which may become copious. Other symptoms may also become evident. If exposure is brief, symptoms should disappear once exposure has ceased. However, lengthy exposure or delayed treatment may cause permanent damage.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

Ingestion:

Short Term Exposure: Symptoms are described fully above.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

Carcinogen Status:

SWA: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA.

NTP: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

This product is harmful to aquatic organisms.

Reproductive effects: Neither of two studies of rats fed small amounts of Temephos showed any reproductive difficulties in the test animals. The maximum dose (25 mg/kg/day) had no effect on the number of litters, litter size, or viability in the young, and produced no congenital defects in the offspring. The concentration of Temephos in the diet of the test animals was, however, sufficient to produce cholinesterase inhibition and some toxic symptoms. Low oral doses of Temephos of up to 2.5 mg/kg administered in feed over 1 1/2 years caused no reproductive effects in sheep or in their offspring. These data indicate that Temephos does not cause reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenic effects: There were no birth defects noted in the offspring of pregnant rabbits fed Temephos in two separate studies utilizing different formulations of Temephos, a 2% formulation and a 90% formulation. In both studies, maternal toxicity and depression of cholinesterase activity occurred during the study. These data suggest that Temephos poses little teratogenic risk.

Mutagenic effects: The potential of a commercial Temephos based product to cause mutations was tested on several strains of bacteria. Though the conclusion of the study was that the compound was not mutagenic, weakly mutagenic effects were noted in one of the strains. Additional tests on rabbits and on other strains of bacteria have shown the compound to be nonmutagenic.

Carcinogenic effects: Only one study of the carcinogenic potential of Temephos has been conducted with rats. The rats were fed doses of the compound over a 2-year interval. No tumours or cancer related changes were noted in the test animals at 15 mg/kg/day, the highest dose used. During the study the rats experienced a reduction in liver weight at the lowest dose of 0.5 mg/kg/day. These data suggest that Temephos is not carcinogenic.

Organ toxicity: Animal studies indicate that target organs include the nervous system and liver.

Breakdown in soil and groundwater: There is little information available about the fate and behaviour of Temephos in the environment. Based on its very low solubility in water, it would probably have a high affinity for soil. Based on this, a half-life of 30 days has been estimated [19], indicating a low to moderate persistence.

Breakdown in water: Weekly application of Temephos at twice the normal application rates on pond water resulted in the rapid disappearance of the compound from the water and from the sediments [6]. At even higher application rates to pond water there were still only traces of the compound detected 1 week after application.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Special help is available for the disposal of Agricultural Chemicals. The product label will give general advice regarding disposal of small quantities, and how to cleanse containers. However, for help with the collection of unwanted rural chemicals, contact ChemClear 1800 008 182 http://www.chemclear.com.au/ and for help with the disposal of empty drums, contact DrumMuster http://www.drummuster.com.au/ where you will find contact details for your area.

Section 14 - Transport Information

UN Number: This product is not classified as a Dangerous Good by ADG, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria. No special transport conditions are necessary unless required by other regulations.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

AIIC: All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with AICIS regulations. The following ingredients: Temephos, Liquid hydrocarbon, are mentioned in the SUSMP.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Section 16 - Other Information

This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

| Acronyms: | |
|--------------|---|
| ADG Code | Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition) |
| AIIC | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals |
| SWA | Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC |
| CAS number | Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number |
| Hazchem Code | Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially firefighters |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| NOS | Not otherwise specified |
| NTP | National Toxicology Program (USA) |
| SUSMP | Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons |
| UN Number | United Nations Number |
| | |

THIS SDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS SDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.

IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020) and GHS Revision 7

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